

American Humane Certified™ Farm Manual Templates Laying Hens- Free Range & Pasture

The purpose of assembling a Farm Manual is to facilitate the audit process by aiding the producer in organizing and gathering the required information so that is ready for review at the time of the audit. Please complete the Farm Manual Information/ Checklist form on Page 2 that lists the required policies and procedures needed and where we may quickly find this information for your individual farm.

If this information is available in your own farm manual, you may include a copy of that and simply note the page number or section where the information can be found in the checklist on Page 2 of this document. If you do not already have a farm manual, you may fill out the manual template that follows the checklist. **You are not required to submit both.**

If you have questions as you fill out your responses to the standards or the required Farm Manual information, please contact the American Humane Certified™ Program office. Thank you for participating in the American Humane Certified™ program.



Farm Manual Checklist

Farm Manual Information/ Checklist Please Complete This Checklist	Producer's Farm Manual Section/ Page # Attached	American Humane Certified™ Template Forms Attached
Company Policy & Employee Code of Conduct	1 age # Attached	1 omis Attached
Company Policy		
Employee Code of Conduct		
Animal Welfare Incident Report		
Office Records & Documentation		
Records of Production		
Building Checklists		
Standard Operating Procedures		
Emergency Response Plan		
Nutrition, Lighting, Animal Health Plans		•
Animal Health Plan		
Nutrition Plan		
Lighting Program		
Biosecurity & Sanitation Plans		•
Biosecurity Plan, Structural/ Access		
Biosecurity Plan, Operational		
Cleaning & Sanitation Plan		
Waste Disposal Plan		
SOPs for Pullets		
SOPs for Exterior Access		
Catching & Handling SOPs		
Transportation & Processing Plant SOPs		
Records of Stockperson Training		<u> </u>
Training of all Stockpersons		
Specialized Training		
Training of On-Farm Crews		
Training of Outside Workers		
Inspections of Hens		
Inspections & Maintenance of Equipment	•	
Equipment Inspections		
Inspections of Water Systems		
Inspections of Auxiliary Water Supply		
Inspections of Alarm Systems		
Ventilation & Environmental Controls		
Monitoring of Ammonia		
Molting Policy		
Backfilling Policy (N/A: Back-Filling Not Allowed)	n/a	n/a
Beak-Trimming Policy		
Euthanasia Policy		
Additional Forms		



American Humane Certified™ Farm Manual Templates

Note: The following are sample templates provided for your convenience and to assist in assembling your Farm Manual. For the full Farm Manual template, please contact a Field Operations Manager for the American Humane Certified™ program. These templates do not address all required documentation. Additional documentation is required that is not listed in the following templates. Refer to the Animal Welfare Standards for all required documentation.



Company Policy & Employee Code of Conduct

		•														
>	Note:	this	form	or a	similar	com	pany	docu	ment	must	be	provided	to emplo	yees	in th	eir
												,				

Note: this form or a similar company document must be provided to employees in their native language as needed, and must be signed by all employees. Please provide a printed, signed copy for the auditor's review.

Company Policy

Name of Company:

- As a participant in the American Humane Certified[™] program, this company is committed to
 providing an environment that promotes high standards of animal welfare, through adherence
 to the requirements of the *American Humane Certified[™] Animal Welfare Standards* and
 participation in the American Humane Certified[™] program.
- This company has implemented a "zero-tolerance" policy regarding willful acts of abuse towards the animals. Kicking, throwing, yelling at, purposefully scaring, and other willful acts of abuse towards the animals or acts of neglect in the animals' care will not be tolerated. If it is determined that any employee has engaged in willful acts of abuse towards the animals, the employee may be immediately dismissed.
- This company has implemented a "whistle-blower" policy. Any employee who reports animal
 welfare issues to his or her superiors will not be retaliated against.

Employee Code of Conduct

- All personnel are expected to handle the hens in a positive and compassionate manner at all times.
- Each worker has the responsibility for, and is expected to contribute to, upholding high standards of animal welfare at all times as each performs his or her duties.
- In addition to the worker's assigned duties, each worker must also be aware that the basic requirements such as adequate feed, water, lighting, ventilation, temperature control, and biosecurity must be provided to the hens at all times. If any of these basic necessities are lacking, immediate corrective actions must be taken and a supervisor or the AWO must be notified.
- All personnel have access to the Animal Welfare Incident Report or a similar company document or company protocol. Personnel must complete and submit this document or otherwise report whenever they observe incidences related to animal welfare that cause them concern.

Designated Animal Welfare Officer

The designated Animal Welfare Officer(s) for this company is (are):

Name of Company: _



Company Policy & Employee Code of Conduct (cont.)

	+	
		_



Animal Welfare Incident Report

Company Name	Location	Date of Report	
Form to be filled out by witness. Please prin	nt.		
employees involved. Be specific and	include reference to the	ate, time, location of incident(s), incident details and American Humane Certified™ Animal Welfare back of form or additional paper if necessary and a	
I, the undersigned, witness	sed the above animal w	elfare infractions.	
Printed name:	Signature:	Date:	
NOTE: This form may be submitted in 1400 16 th Street NW, Suite 360, Wa animal welfare issues may be directed	shington, DC 20036 or fa	n Humane Farm Program, ex: 202-450-2335. Questions in regards to reporting	farm
IF POSSIBLE, PLEASE COMPLETE	THE FOLLOWING:		
I received the above report from	(witness)	on	
Printed name of supervisor		(date) _Signature	

Copy of report signed by supervisor and witness to be returned to witness.



Records of Production Animal Movement Logs

Name of Company: _	
Site Name:	

Date	# of Birds	Incoming/ Outgoing	Source	Any Treatment on Arrival?



Records of Production (cont.) Numbers of Mortalities

Name of Company: _	
Site Name:	

Date	# of Birds	Age of Birds	Cause of Death (if known)	Necropsy Performed?
				OY ON
				N C Y C
				N C Y C
				OY ON
				N C Y C
				OY ON
				N C Y C
				OY ON
				OY ON
				OY ON
				OYON
				OY ON
				OY ON
				OY ON
				OYON
				N C Y C
				OY ON



Records of Production (cont.) Numbers of Culls

Name of Company: _	
Site Name:	

Date	# of Birds	Age of Birds	Reason(s) for Culling	Method Used	Name of Trained/ Approved Worker



Records of Production (cont.) Numbers of III/ Injured Birds

Name of Co	mpany:
Site Name:	

Date	# of Birds	Age of Birds	Cause of Illness/ Injury (if known)	Treatment?



Building Checklists / Farm Data

> The following records and documentation must be made available to the auditor at the time of the audit. Producers may use their own forms for records or they may use these template forms.

PRODUCER/ COMPANY NAME:				
AUDIT FARM LOCATION:				
AUDIT FARM:	FARM MANAGER:	STOCKPERSON:		
Address:	Email:	Email:		
City:	Office #:	Office #:		
State:	Cell #:	Cell #:		
ZIP:	Alt #:	Alt #:		
Country:	Fax #:	Fax #:		
CHICK SUPPLIER: NAME:	PROCE	ESSOR (End of Flock): NAME:		
Address:		Address:		
City: State:		City: State:		
ZIP:		ZIP:		
Country:		Country:		
Contact:		Contact:		
Contact #:		Contact #:		
(Optional) Name of Marketing or Producer Group if under Forward Contract:				
List any Quality Assurance Programs Routinely Implemented:				
Target Air Quality Parameters/ Ammonia:				
Details of Lighting Program:				

AUDIT FARM:	COMPANY NAME:		
ALL AHC FLOCKS ON-SITE:			
Total AHC Flocks On-Site:	Conv. or Organic?	O Conventional	
FOR AUDITED FLOCK ONLY:		O Organic	
Type of House/ Shelter:	O All Litter Barn Free Range or Pasture?	O Free-Range	
(Note: "Flock" refers to the group of birds that are included with the audit.)	O Partially Slatted Barn O Multitier Aviary* (*if appl. Manu/Model) (The total of all exterior space including all acreage used in the rotation program, as well as any land with temporary restrictions from access due to revegetation	(total of all exterior space no less than: 1 acre/ 2,000 hens i.e. 21.8 sq. ft./ hen) Pasture (total of all exterior	
	O Mobile House and/or maintenance of land)	space no less than:	
	O Other as described* Total Available Outside	2 ½ acres/ 1,000 hens i.e. 108.9 sq. ft./ hen)	
	(*give short description) Space Before Rotation/ Restrictions (ft²):		
Type of Hens:	O White	ft² per hen	
	O Brown Is Outside Access Rotated?	O No	
	O Other as described* Rotated?	O Yes	
No. of Hens at Placement: No. Hens Currently:	(*give short description) Rotation Pattern: (Note: a minimum of 25% must be available at any one time.)	(Give brief description of area available at any time, e.g. "1/4	
Audit Indoor/Shelter Area (ft²):		rotation")	
(sum of ALL indoor/ sheltered usable area, excl. nest)	Type of Feeder: Actual (ft²) Req'd (ft²)	O Trough-style O Pan	
Littered Floor Space (ft²): (i.e. the sq. footage of the usable area noted above that has litter)	vs. 15% Length OR No. of Feeders (inches or No.) Req'd % Double-sided Trough:	O Other OR Mix	
Type of Nest Provided:	O Colony Single-sided Trough: O Individual Perimeter/Round:		
Audited Nest (ft ² or No.):	No. of Feeders*: (*ONLY if needed, e.g. "52		
Length of Qualifying Perch Total Linear Perch (inches):	Actual reg'd feeder pans") Type of Waterer:	Actual Reg'd O Nipple	
Total Qual. Floor Edge (inches):		O Trough	
% elevated at least 16 inches:	Vs. Req'd (in) No. of Nipples (No.): Actual (%) Req'd (%) No. of Waterers* (No.):	O Other OR Mix	
Other Notes: (enter ONLY if needed)	(*ONLY if needed, e.g. "362 bells")	Ve	
Date of Population: Date for De-Population:	No. of Ext. Water (No.):	Actual Reg'd	
Final Disposition of Spent Hens:	O On-Site Euthanasia O Transport/ Humane Slaughter O Other		

Building Checklists / Farm Data (cont.)

American Humane Farm Program



Building Checklists / Farm Data (cont.)

➤ This sheet is provided for any miscellaneous notes or calculations, if needed.

AUDIT FARM:	COMPANY NAME:
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/ WORKSHEETS (if needed)	



Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)

Name of Company:	
to the following. Sections of the SOPs	s document, which must as a minimum conform relevant to the duties of each employee must uage as needed, and each employee must document.
the SOPs that are relevant to their assigned d Twice daily inspections of animals and facilities Daily inspections of equipment (especially feed cleaning, and back-up protocols as well as recoleaning, and back-up protocols as well as recoleaning and recording of maximum are recorded); Daily monitoring and recording of maximum are recorded); Daily monitoring of ventilation settings/ rates, a records of monthly ammonia readings; Description of lighting program, including light Any additional procedures to maintain compliate regulations; Any biosecurity protocols (e.g. maintaining scr. Maintenance and testing of auxiliary power sup Maintenance and testing of alarm systems; and Maintenance and testing of automatic ventilation. Note: SOPs for specific operations, where applicable: Catching. Carrying & Handling/ End-of-Flock Descriptions.	ly, weekly, and monthly activities and procedures and and have been provided copies of the sections of uties; and records to be kept by responsible personnel; and water systems), routine maintenance and cords to be kept by the responsible personnel; and minimum house temperatures (unless automatically any necessary adjustments (where applicable), and intensity readings; ance with any applicable local, state, and federal eens, checking rodent bait, etc.); apply; and on systems.
 ☐ Transportation SOPs." ☐ I, the undersigned employee, have read an Operating Procedures, and have been pro 	nd understand my duties per the Standard vided a copy of the SOPs relevant to my duties.
Employee Name	Date
Employee Signature	



Emergency Response Plan

Name of Company:			
Note: Keep a copy of the Emerge barns are not located on the sam to the main entry.			
Local emergency services numbers are	e posted by phones	?	OYes ONo
Emergency Service		Telephone #	
Local fire department:			
Emergency water supplies	S:		
Local Utility:			
Other:			
Emergency contact numbers and a call	ling schedule are p	osted by phones?	OYes ONo
List at least three responsible perso	ons to contact in ca	se of emergency:	
Emergency Contact	Telephone #	Alternate #	<u>!</u>
1			_
2		_	_
3			_

Provides details of contingency plans and precautions to cope with severe events/ emergencies in order to safeguard the welfare of the animals, and the procedures to be followed by responsible personnel in these occurrences or by those discovering an emergency such as fire, floods, storms or other severe weather, interruption of power or water, interruption of supplies, etc.?

OYes ONo

Animal Health Plan



Name of Company:
Farm Location(s):
Flock Dates/ Flock ID:
 Note: attach a copy of the Animal Health Plan (AHP). This plan must be developed in consultation with the flock veterinarian with whom the producer has a valid Veterinarian Client-Patient Relationship (VCPR). A VCPR exists when the flock veterinarian affirms that s/he knows the specific circumstances of the flock and of the producer's operation and accepts responsibility for making medical judgments about the health of the flock and whether treatment is needed; and when the producer agrees to follow any instructions or recommendations of the flock veterinarian related to the health of the flock. Awritten Animal Health Plan (AHP) must be available at the main office. This plan must include: Certification or proof that the AHP has been developed in consultation with the flock veterinarian must sign and date the AHP; and The flock veterinarian must sign and date the AHP; and The AHP must be annually updated; Records of vaccination protocols and any vaccinations; Records of treatment protocols and any treatments, including: Identification of the animal(s); The type of treatment and reason for the treatment; Dates of treatment; Details of the therapeutic use, defined as treatment, prevention and control, as allowed by current laws, of any antibiotics (including ionophores), antiparasitics, and antifungals, which includes the requirements that antibiotics, antiparasitics, and antifungals must only be used therapeutically as prescribed by the flock veterinarian; Therapeutic use must be for individual animals OR for specific groups of animals only when specified by the flock veterinarian through determination that the entire group is at high risk of contracting disease; Therapeutic use is in conformance with the latest edition of the FDA Judicious Use of Anti
NOTE: Treatment must never be withheld to maintain an antibiotic-free production policy. Animals must be
given appropriate treatment, including antibiotics, if prescribed by the flock veterinarian, regardless of antibiotic-free production policy.
Flock Veterinarian
Signature Date



Animal Health Plan (cont.)

Vaccination Program

Age Product

Coccidia Prevention Program

External Parasite Control Program



Animal Health Plan (cont.) Medication/ Treatment Records

Name of Company:

Date	House	Medication/ Treatment	Reason	Responsible Person



Nutrition Plan

Name of Company:		
Site Name(s):		
Flock Dates/ Flock ID:		
Diet Formulation/ ID: _		

- Note: There must be certification or proof that the following statements are true for the specified producer, sites, flocks, and diet formulations. The flock nutritionist may sign this letter, or may provide similar evidence as acceptable methods of proof:
 - The diet noted above has been developed in accordance with the guidelines provided by the most recently published National Research Council (NRC) standards.
 - Growth hormones/ growth promoters are not used as additives to the feed in the diet formulation(s) noted above (*Note: growth hormones are not permitted for use in poultry in the United States*).
 - In-feed antibiotics or anti-parasitic agents are not used in the diet formulation noted above, except and unless for therapeutic reasons as prescribed by an attending veterinarian and as documented in the Animal Health Plan.
- The Nutrition Plan must also as a minimum:
 - Include specifications for a diet which is adjusted as appropriate to the hens' age and species/strain in order to promote balanced nutrition;
 - Specify that changes to the diet must be introduced gradually;
 - Specify that feed intake for animals must be monitored when changing feed type to ensure that animals do not lose weight; and
 - Include specifications for a diet which includes mineral supplements, including coarse calcium, provided in adequate quantity to sustain healthy bone strength for the laying hens.

Notes:	
Flock Nutritionist	
Signature	Date



Nutrition Plan (cont.)

Feed Suppliers:	
Name:	
Address:	
Telephone #:	
Mills used:	
O Major source O Minor source	
Does feed mill comply with FDA requirements for feed safety?	OYes ONo
Name:	
Address:	
Telephone #:	
Mills used:	
O Major source O Minor source	
Does feed mill comply with FDA requirements for feed safety?	OYes ONo
Feed Documentation	
Are feed documents available for at least one year? (Keep a representative tag for each ingredient used, Replacing old with current tags as rations change)	OYes ONo
Are there records of feed constituents? Describe feed storage:	OYes ONo
Number of days' supply of feed is available on the farm:	
Does supplier carry out any tests and/or safeguards on raw materials or finished feed?	OYes ONo
Notes:	

Name of Company:

Lighting Program



rtaine of Company.
Site Name(s):
Note: Attach or provide a description of the lighting program for each house/ fixed shelter, which must as a minimum conform to the following:
The lighting system in houses/ fixed shelters must be designed and maintained to regulate a daily cycle for all hens. The lighting program for each house must be documented and light intensity measured quarterly with records on file. The lighting program must provide within each 24-hour period:
 □ A minimum continuous period of 8 hours of daytime light. □ The daytime light levels must be an average minimum of 10 lux (1 foot-candle) throughout the house at the head height of the birds, excluding areas in the shade of equipment and at the nests. □ Patches of high intensity sunlight or artificial light must be avoided.
☐ A minimum period of 6 hours of continual darkness or the natural period of darkness, if less. "Darkness" refers to the substantial dimming of light to allow the birds to rest.



Biosecurity Plan, Structural

Name	of Company:		
>	Note: provide details of the Biosecurity Plan, Structural, which must include following provisions:	e as a m	ninimum the
	Description of and maintenance schedule for physical methods for discour predators, and wild birds;	aging pe	ests,
	Description of company biosecurity policies and procedures for employees	;	
	Description of the policies and procedures for the deterrence of unapproved visitors; and		
	Descriptions of the policies and procedures for approved visitors including the logging of all approved visitors. Non-farm personnel are not permitted on the site unless approved by farm managers, and unless appropriate precautions have been taken, including compliance with the company policy on "downtime" i.e. time away from contact with other poultry.		
	Is an all-in, all-out production system used?	OYes	ONo
	Is there any certification of the health status of the incoming chicks?	OYes	ONo
	Describe:		
	Describe procedures/policies used to minimize disease risks associated w visitors and entry of delivery vehicles.	ith farm/	/ranch
	Is access restricted to specific areas of farm?	OYes	ONo
	Are vehicles disinfected prior to entering the farm?	OYes	ONo
	Describe how roads and buildings are secured:		
	Additional Notes:		



Biosecurity Plans, Operational

Name	e of Company:		
>	Note: provide details of the Biosecurity Plan, Operational, which must inclute the following provisions:	ude as a	minimum
	The maintenance of outdoor areas adjacent to surrounding buildings to ke and tidy within at least 24" from the house (i.e. removing vegetation that p pests and predators);		
	The maintenance of outdoor areas immediately surrounding the range or pasture to remove vegetation, debris piles, etc. that may provide shelter to pests, predators, and wild birds;		
	Descriptions of policies and procedures for the deterrence and control of pests and predators, maintenance schedules and personnel responsible for baiting and trapping, etc.;		
	The removal of feed sources and the protection of bulk feed and water supplies to reduce the attraction of pests, rodents, mold, etc.;		
	The protocols for personnel working with older flocks to limit contact with p	oullets; a	nd
	☐ The provision and maintenance of protective clothing, foot baths, and/or shower facilities for workers, where appropriate.		
	Pest Control Policy: List methods/products used for control:		
	<u>Rodents</u>		
	traps	_OYes	ONo
	bait	_OYes	ONo
	limited access		
	covered feed storage	_OYes	ONo
	Wild Birds		
	bait	_OYes	
	nets		
	covered feed storage	_OYes	
	noise or visual deterrents	_ OYes	ONo
	<u>Flies</u>	O)/	
	bait	_OYes	
	environmental control (e.g., frequent cleaning)	_OYes	ONO

Additional Notes:



Biosecurity Plans, Operational (cont.)

Foot Baths: list type used and how often solution is changed:	
(skip if not applicable to operation)	
Feed and Water	
Feed storage area	
Is feed kept covered?	OYes ONo
Are feed storage areas cleaned between deliveries of feed?	OYes ONo
How often are feed systems cleaned?	
<u>Water</u>	
Are water meters used and is daily water consumption recorded	d? OYes ONo
How often are water systems cleaned?	
Are water systems disinfected? If yes, what is used:	OYes ONo
Are any water filtration/purification systems used? If yes, please list:	OYes ONo
Are "clean to dirty" work routines used?	OYes ONo
Additional Notes:	



Cleaning & Sanitation Plan

Name	e of Company:
>	Note: provide details of the Cleaning & Sanitation Plan, which must include as a minimum the following provisions:
	 details for routine/ scheduled cleaning procedures; and details for cleaning procedures between end-of-flock disposition and restocking: Following end-of-flock disposition, all houses must be thoroughly cleansed, disinfected, and tested negative from infectious agents as specified in the Animal Health Plan.
	List Compounds/products/methods used on farm to clean/disinfect:
	Buildings and Equipment Cleaning/Disinfecting Procedures
	<u>Buildings</u>
	preparation
	cleaning method
	disinfection
	resting (drying)
	drains
	<u>Equipment</u>
	preparation
	cleaning method
	disinfection
	resting (drying)

Additional Notes:



Waste Disposal Plan

Name	of Company:		
>	Note: provide details of the Waste Disposal Plan, which must include as a following provisions:	minimum th	ie
	Each farm must maintain a Waste Disposal Plan which details protocols for proper disposal of medical waste, sharps, carcasses, and other waste that threat to animal and human health and safety.		
	How is medical waste (needles, scalpel blades, medicine containers, sy etc.) disposed of?		
	Are sharps containers used?	OYes ON	10
	Has farm completed a formal training program in waste management?	OYes ON	0
	Type of training:		
	Date of completion:		
	Additional Notes:		

AMERICAN HUMANE CERTIFIED FARM ANIMALS A Program of American Humane Society

SOPs for Pullets

Name of Company:
For company owned rearing houses only: Attach Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Pullets, which must include as a minimum:
 □ Pullets must be reared on litter and provided with the minimum space allowance for the adular laying flock per E20, adjusted proportionately based on the pullets' current average weight versus the anticipated average weight of the adult hens. (<i>E.g. White/lightweight pullets require at least 50% X 1.0 = 0.5 square feet per pullet when the average weight of the pullet is 50% of the anticipated weight of the adult hen.</i>) □ Feeding and watering systems for pullets must be similar to those in the laying house. □ Auditors must be given access to on-site rearing houses during audit, where applicable. □ Premises and equipment must be thoroughly disinfected and cleaned before restocking. □ Elements such as perches and litter/ scratch areas must be included in the facilities so that pullets are prepared for introduction to the laying environment
Note: See "Beak-Trimming Policy" also.
Additional Notes:



SOPs for Exterior Access

Name	e of C	ompany:
>		Houses with Exterior Access only: Attach Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for erior Access, which must include as a minimum:
	ior Ac	ccess SOPs must be available for all Free Range and Pasture systems and must include num:
	Insp	ection of the hens and the outdoor facilities, conducted twice daily as a minimum;
		ntenance of required shade and where provided screening to deter predators, rodents, wild birds; and
		edule for when hens have access to the exterior, i.e. daily procedures for opening/ing access to exterior:
		A company policy must be available that describes the weather conditions for which the birds are provided exterior access, as well as the conditions for which the birds are secured in the house.
		The birds must be provided access to the outdoor areas for a minimum of 8 hours daily during daylight hours, weather permitting. All exit areas must normally be open during this time, except when precluded by inclement weather conditions.
		Protection must be provided from predators and wild birds, and birds must be closed in the house (or mobile shelter) at night, when the outside temperatures are excessively cold or hot, and when other adverse weather conditions are expected. <i>Note: Under situations of high risk for avian influenza or other highly pathogenic infectious diseases, birds can remain indoors as recommended by the veterinarian.</i>
	prov	dust-bathing environment for hens is provided outdoors, the SOPs must describe the vision and maintenance of a suitable substrate for dust-bathing, with access allowed for at 4 hours every day;
	The	Exterior Access SOPs must:
		Include provisions for the maintenance and active management to remedy damaged or sodden ground and allow the vegetation to regrow in order to provide an appropriate cover of living vegetation to the extent required by the type of outdoor access (i.e. Free Range or Pasture); and
		Include a program for the mitigation of pathogen buildup and when required by the flock veterinarian a program for testing must be performed between flocks to show the reduction or elimination of pathogenic contamination.



SOPs for Exterior Access (cont.)

Name of Company:
Additionally for Free-Range and Pasture Systems: There must be demonstration or proof that the location of the free range or pasture-based system provides local climatic conditions suitable for hens to access the exterior for the majority of the year, and permits the area to be provided with a substantial cover of living vegetation: Records must be available for at least one year documenting the number of days that it was necessary to secure the birds indoors due to inappropriate weather conditions. The daily records must show that the number of individual days for which it was necessary to secure the birds indoors due to unacceptable weather conditions did not exceed 90 days in total. (I.e., records must show that weather conditions were acceptable for providing birds with access to the free range or pasture area for at least 275 days of the year.)
Note: The 90-day total does not include any days in which the birds were secured indoors per the recommendation of the flock veterinarian due to a specific disease risk or other health concern.
☐ (If applicable: required for all systems that employ rotation) Documentation must be available describing the rotation schedule for the relocation of mobile housing units or the rotation schedule for access to specific portions of the pasture or free range.

Name of Company:



Catching & Handling SOPs

. ,
Note: Attach Catching & Handling SOPs, which must include the following minimum provisions:
 All personnel involved in catching and handling of birds must have received proper training to verify competence and full awareness in their duties and responsibilities. Managers must provide the catching staff full and detailed written instructions for catching, handling, loading, and unloading.
Animal Welfare Officer An Animal Welfare Officer (AWO) must be designated and present for each occurrence of flock disposition. The AWO is responsible for supervising, monitoring, and maintaining high welfare standards throughout the end-of-flock disposition process. Name(s) of designated AWO(s)
 Water and Feed Withdrawal ☐ Hens must be provided water up to the time when catching begins. ☐ Hens must be provided feed up to 1 hour prior to the time when catching begins. ☐ When transported, hens must not be deprived of feed for more than 16 hours in total, including the period up to the time of processing.
Where possible, feeders, waterers, and other obstacles must be raised or removed from the nouse prior to catching to minimize the risk of bruising. Catching must take place in low lighting to minimize birds' fear reactions. Catching is recommended to be done at night or early morning. Adequate, draft-free ventilation at bird height must be provided for uncaught birds up to time of oading. Catching
 When possible, the hens should be caught individually and supported by both hands in an upright position. Where this is impractical, no more than three birds are to be carried in one hand. Birds must be held by both legs at all times, and never by the wings or the neck. Birds must be handled as minimally as possible, and must be placed directly into the transport coop or the approved euthanasia receptacle within 20 seconds of being caught. The catch supervisor must check that all birds are upright in the transport coop or euthanasia receptacle, that no appendages are caught in the coop or receptacle doors,
and that the birds are not piled atop one another.

Access routes to the chicken house must be adequately designed and maintained to permit the safe passage of transport vehicles/ euthanasia receptacles.

Unfit birds must not be transported but instead must be immediately and humanely euthanized.

End-of-Flock Euthanasia

For routine, on-farm disposal of flocks at the end of the production cycle using CO₂, there must additionally be full documentation of the procedure used including records for the amount of gas used. Refer to the latest UEP standards "Guidelines for Euthanasia and On-Farm Depopulation of Entire Flocks" for more information regarding required protocols and documentation in order to demonstrate full compliance with the UEP."

- Note: Where applicable, provide documentation of full compliance with UEP guidelines for endof-flock euthanasia.
- Note: Outside contractors must provide Certificate(s) of Conformance to these SOPs. By signing below, Contractor is certifying that all workers have been trained to the attached standards, and all workers are held to the Standards of Care in the Employee Code of Conduct.

Contracted Company:	Date
Name of Contractor Rep:	Signature



Transportation & Processing SOPs

Name of Company:				
Note: Attach Transportation SOPs, which must include the following provisions as a minimum:				
<u>Transportation SOPs</u>				
Personnel in charge of transportation and transport equipment, including non-employees, must be trained in the proper handling of hens when loading and unloading them and while in transit. This may be verified through SOPs or COCs.				
Noise levels from all sources must be minimized as possible transport.	during loading, unloading, and			
In periods of hot weather, hens must be transported at night systems must be in place to provide cooling during load out	·			
 The transport SOP's must address when high ambient to a threat of heat stress to the birds during catching, loading. The SOPs must describe appropriate actions to take to rebirds, including the receipt of weather forecasts of the expentilation, etc. 	ng, and unloading. reduce the risk of heat stress on the			
Hens reared in houses with tunnel ventilation must be pre-adapted to warmer temperatures if they are transported during hot weather.				
The transport SOP must identify steps that are to be taken to they are transported during extreme weather.	o shelter and protect the birds when			
The transport SOPs must address procedures to be followed such as an accident.	d in the event of an emergency,			
Every effort must be made to ensure journeys are completed without unnecessary delays, i.e. drivers must be aware of any potential traffic problems and plan their journey accordingly.				
The person supervising the catching and loading of birds must work closely and coordinate with the processing plant to minimize the time birds spend waiting on the vehicle.				
If it is necessary to keep birds on a stationary vehicle, the driver must take action to avoid thermal stress to the birds.				
 Note: Certificate(s) of Conformance to these SOPs may be By signing below, Contractor is certifying that all workers is standards, and all workers are held to the Standards of Ca 	have been trained to the attached			
Contracted Company: [Contracted Company: Date			
Name of Contractor Rep:	Signature			



Transportation & Processing SOPs (cont.)

Name of Co	mpany:			
>	Note: Attach Processing SOPs, which must inc Welfare Standards as a minimum.	clude all provisions noted in the Animal		
	Note: Certificate(s) of Conformance to the Processing SOPs may be used for outside contractors. If used, they must include COCs confirming specifically:			
>	That the maximum time for the hens in transport completion of unloading of the transport coops	-		
>	That once the birds have arrived at their desting slaughtered per all requirements of the "Process Standards."			
Processing	<u>a SOPs</u>			
 Note: Certificate(s) of Conformance to these SOPs may be used for outside contractors. By signing below, Contractor is certifying that all workers have been trained to the attached standards, and all workers are held to the Standards of Care in the Employee Code of Conduct. 				
Contracted (Company:	Date		
Name of Co	ntractor Rep:	Signature		



Records of Stockperson Training Training of All Stockpersons

Name of Company:		
Type of Training:		
Name of Trainer:	Date of Training:	
	yee, have attended the provided tra relevant to my duties and responsi	_
Name of Employee/ Trainee	Signature of Employee/ Trainee	Date
		

Name of Company: _



Records of Stockperson Training (cont.) Specialized Training

been confirmed by the trainer.

Employee: By signing below, you are confirming that you have received training
which includes "hands-on" instruction in the topic noted & your proficiency has

Trainer: By initialing below, you are confirming the employee's proficiency in the training topic through your direct observation.

Training Topic(s)	Name of Trainer	Initials of Trainer	Name of Employee/ Trainee	Signature of Employee/ Trainee	Date

Name of Company:

on-farm crews and outside workers.



Records of Stockperson Training (cont.) On-Farm Crews and Outside Workers

	Note: provide documentation	conforming to the	Animal Welfare	Standards for the	training of

Name of Company: _



Inspections of Hens

House	ID:												
>	The	stockperso	n performi	ng the i	nspectioi	ns must	proceea	l in a ca	reful, d	deliberate	e manne	er to a	void

- frightening the hens unnecessarily, i.e. by making loud noises, sudden movements, etc., and must follow a path that allows them to see all of individual hens in the house.

 > During inspections or at any other time, if any animal is found to be in severe pain or is suffering from
- During inspections or at any other time, if any animal is found to be in severe pain or is suffering from severe sickness or injury then the animal must be immediately and humanely euthanized by qualified personnel.

Date	Time	Inspection By	Number Mortalities	Number Culls	Remarks



Equipment Inspections

Name of Company:	
House ID:	



Equipment Inspections (cont.)

Name of Company:
House ID:
Inspections of Water Systems Records must be kept showing the following: □ water availability is checked daily; □ water flow rate is monitored and recorded weekly and is verified using water meters or the graduated cylinder methodology; and □ water lines are flushed between flocks.
 Inspections of Auxiliary Power Supply □ Records must be kept showing that the auxiliary power supply (such as a standby generator), is tested weekly under load, with the outcome of the test documented. □ The records must show that the auxiliary power supply is available and has sufficient capacity to operate critical equipment such as fans, feeders, waterers, and lights for at least 24 hours.
 Inspections of Alarm Systems □ Records must be kept showing that alarm systems (audible & remote) for the controlled environment house are tested weekly, with the outcome of the test documented. □ The records must show that the alarm systems are operational even if the principal electricity has failed. Alarm systems must be installed and functional for giving notification in the event of an emergency (e.g. during a power failure, high temperatures, water failure, etc.)
 Ventilation & Environmental Controls □ Maximum and minimum temperatures must be monitored and recorded daily. □ Ventilation equipment must be checked daily and maintained for proper operation, with records kept. □ Ventilation rates must be monitored daily and adjusted as necessary in order to maintain minimum ventilation requirements and to maintain air quality parameters. □ Documentation on ventilation system must be available that includes information on design, capacity, and CFM rating. □ A backup plan must be in place to safeguard birds from suffering pain or distress as a result of a malfunction of the ventilation equipment.
 Monitoring of Ammonia Levels Ammonia levels, measured monthly at the height of the hens at multiple locations in the house, are ideally less than 10 parts per million (ppm) but must not exceed 25 ppm. If a monthly ammonia test result is in excess of 25 ppm, a program of ammonia mitigation must be adopted with records kept, and testing must be performed daily until ammonia levels drop below 25 ppm.

Molting Policy



Note: If applicable, attach Molting Policy, which must include as a minimum:

Molting Policy

Hens MUST NOT be induced to molt by withholding feed and/ or water.

- □ Non-feed/ non-water withdrawal methods for inducing a molt must meet current recommendations for non-feed and non-water withdrawal molting per the American Veterinary Medical Association (AVMA).
- ☐ Records must be kept of any molting program, and must show that only non-feed withdrawal methods in accordance with the AVMA were used.

Mortality Levels During Non-Feed Withdrawal Molting

If the mortality level within a house is in excess of 0.5% in 24 hours for three successive days during the non-feed/ non-water withdrawal molting, a veterinary investigation must be made to determine the cause and if necessary to remedy the problem.



Beak-Trimming Policy

Name	of Company:
>	Note: Outbreaks of injurious feather-pecking and cannibalism are possible in cage free systems, and this harmful behavior may quickly affect a considerable proportion of the flock if not addressed.
	For this reason, though the practice of beak-trimming/ tipping is undesirable, it is permitted to be performed only as a preemptive measure to mitigate the risks of injurious feather-pecking and cannibalism if beaks are left intact. Attach Beak-Trimming Policy, which must as a minimum conform to the Animal Welfare Standards :
	Beak-trimming/ tipping may only be performed where there is a concern about cannibalism. Beak-trimming/ tipping must not be performed to prevent feed wastage.
	Pullets which have been recently trimmed/ tipped must be monitored to help ensure that they are consuming adequate feed and that they are able to use the waterers.
	Pullets which were recently trimmed/ tipped must not be exposed to other high-stress procedures such as transport or vaccination. Note: it is recommended that Vitamin K and C are added to the water before and after beak-trimming, and that the hens are provided with additional feed 1 week following.
	(Select if applicable) If pullets are sourced from a hatchery that performs the beak-trimming/ tipping: Beak-trimming/ tipping must be performed within the first 24 hours of life using infrared laser equipment.
	records must be kept with a Certificate of Conformance from the hatchery stating that beak-trimming/ tipping was performed by trained personnel using the proper equipment and per all requirements detailed in this Beak-Trimming Policy.
Ц	(Select if applicable) If performed on-site:
	beak-trimming/ tipping must be performed only by trained personnel using approved procedures and appropriate, well-maintained equipment. Records must be kept of: the names of the stockpersons who have undergone training for the correct beak-trimming/ tipping procedures; the name of the trainer; confirmation that the trainees' competence in performing the procedure was validated by the trainer, including proper techniques and proper use of any equipment; and the date(s) that the training occurred.
	☐ Beak-trimming/ tipping must be performed no later than 10 days of age by the use of a machine with a blade and cauterizer, to minimize pain and stress.
	Beak-trimming on older birds, including 'touch-up' trimming, must not be performed as a matter of course.
	The producer should take care when selecting birds to avoid genetic strains with undesirable traits, ularly aggressiveness and a tendency to feather peck.



Beak-Trimming Policy (cont.)

Name of Company:
Action Plans for Deterring Injurious Feather-Pecking and Cannibalism The producer must have plans in place to discourage the spread of injurious feather-pecking and
cannibalism. If outbreaks of injurious feather-pecking and cannibalism do occur: Methods to discourage the spread of injurious feather-pecking and cannibalism must be conducted without delay.
 Artificial appliances (such as blinkers attached to the beak or nostrils, or contact lenses) designed to stop injurious feather-pecking and cannibalism must not be used.
□ The producer must notify the American Humane Certified [™] program that the problem exists and must explain the steps that the producer proposes to take in order to mitigate the problem, and the producer must provide regular updates to the American Humane Certified [™] program regarding the success of the mitigation.
☐ Methods should include removing the offending birds if they are identifiable and segregating injured birds as first steps, followed by reducing light levels and providing distractions/ enrichments to the birds and/or providing additional perches or panels so that subordinate hens can retreat.
☐ If these measures still do not mitigate the problem, the producer must contact the American Humane Certified™ program for additional recommendations.

The American Humane Certified™ program will not consider beak-trimming of older birds except as a method of last resort if other measures fail.

Euthanasia Policy



Name	of Company:			
>	Note: "The Euthanasia Policy includes provisions for routine euthanasia (culls), end-of-flock euthanasia, and emergency euthanasia (including mass disposal during disease outbreaks such as for highly pathogenic Avian Influenza). Euthanasia and disposal of carcasses must be consistent with applicable local, state, and federal regulations." Attach the Euthanasia Policy and applicable records, which must as a minimum conform to the following provisions:			
	 Training records which identify: the names of the stockpersons who have undergone training; the name of the trainer; the specific method(s) of euthanasia covered in the training; confirmation that the trainees' competence in performing the procedure was validated by the trainer, including proper techniques and proper use of any equipment; and the date(s) that the training occurred. Procedures stating that: 			
	 If there is any doubt as to whether euthanasia is required: the veterinarian or properly trained personnel must be called at an early stage to advise whether treatment is possible; OR If the veterinarian or properly trained personnel determine that an animal is in severe, uncontrollable pain or is unable to move on its own accord, then the animal must be promptly and humanely euthanized to prevent further suffering. 			
	For euthanasia methods requiring equipment: records showing that equipment has been maintained per the manufact recommendations and that it is required to be stored securely, protected, and kept clean.			
	The farm performs one of the following approved methods of on-farm euthanasia: Cervical dislocation, to be used in an emergency or for euthanizing a very small number of birds. Cervical dislocation involves stretching the neck to dislocate the first vertebrae in the neck from the skull and cause extensive damage to the major blood vessels. Use of equipment that crushes the neck rather than dislocates the spine, such as pliers, is never acceptable practice. Electrical stunning, immediately followed by neck cutting. Captive bolt euthanasia. Carbon dioxide, or other suitable gas/ gas mixture, delivered in an appropriate container at acceptable concentrations.			
	 Any other method approved by the latest edition of the AVMA Guidelines for the Euthanasia of Animals. 			
	Procedures stating that the persons performing euthanasia must verify that each animal has been properly euthanized. If necessary, the same or an alternate method is performed immediately to help ensure that the animal does not suffer.			
	For other than routine culls, logs stating the reason for euthanasia, the date, the competent personnel performing the euthanasia, the numbers of animals euthanized, and the procedure used.			
	Routine, on-farm disposal of flocks at the end of the production cycle must meet the requirements of this section. See "End-			
	of-Flock Disposition" section. Procedures for the proper disposal of carcasses, and records of the name of the outlet through which all such carcasses are disposed, unless carcasses are disposed of on-farm, in which case records are kept of the disposal method. Disposal must meet all state, local, and/or federal regulations.			
Nathin	a stated here is intended to discourage the prompt diagnosis and expressists treatment of any ill or			

Nothing stated here is intended to discourage the prompt diagnosis and appropriate treatment of any ill or injured animal."





Individuals Trained and Approved to Perform Euthanasia:

The individuals listed have been trained in the specific method(s) of euthanasia noted. The trainer has confirmed and validated the trainee's competence in performing the procedure(s) noted, and records of this training have been kept on file:

Date	Name of Trainee/ Stockperson	Name of Trainer	Method(s) of Euthanasia

Euthanasia Policy (cont.) Records (cont.)



Approved Methods of Euthanasia:

Age of Birds	Euthanasia Method for Routine Culling	Emergency Euthanasia Method			
• Emerge	ency Euthanasia Plan (by age group) – Post	in visible location.			
E	Business name:				
\	Veterinarian name and phone number:				
F	Rendering or disposal service:				
	ers must keep a copy of the AVMA Guidelin Is with their flock plans.	nes for the Euthanasia of			
• Carcas	ss Disposal Policy				
	Method of carcass disposal (if rendering comname and number):	pany or dead hauler used, list			
	Method used to restrict access/viewing of the farm/ranch:	e public to carcasses present on			
ſ	Method used to reduce fly and odor nuisance	:			



On-Site Standards Reference

Name of Producer:	
Name of Farm:	

- Note: "A printed or electronic copy of the current American Humane Certified™ Animal Welfare Standards for Laying Hens- Free Range & Pasture must be available on-site as a reference for all personnel in the facility."
- > This notice is not required; however, this may be posted at each site as an aid to personnel.

A current copy of the

American Humane Certified™ Animal Welfare Standards for Laying Hens- Free Range & Pasture

is available for download at:

www.HumaneHeartland.org/our-standards

